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Item 03 – GRI Universal Standards Project – Revised GRI 102: Section 4. Governance

For GSSB discussion

Date	17 March 2021
Meeting	25 March 2021
Project	GRI Universal Standards Project
Description	This document presents the revised draft of Section 4. Governance in <i>GRI 102: About the Organization</i> following the public comment feedback. Key changes are highlighted in comment boxes within the document. Minor editorial changes have not been highlighted, but a draft tracking all changes to the text has been included in the Annex.
	Please note that several changes are pending subject to feedback from ICGN and ongoing internal review. These will be presented to the GSSB for review ahead of its meeting in April 2021. In addition, the GSSB is requested to review the Standards Division's research and proposals on annual total compensation ratio on pages 24-27.
	The public comments to this draft can be found here: https://www.globalreporting.org/media/s0bbizo2/item-05-public-comments-to-revisions-gri-102-in-the-universal-standards-exposure-draft.pdf



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Explanatory note

The following significant revisions below have been made in response to public comment feedback. Additional revisions made in response to public comment feedback are explained in comment boxes. Editorial revisions have been made to the text to improve clarity and consistency with the GRI Style Guide and are flagged in comment boxes.

Section 4. Governance

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- Consolidated disclosures GOV-7 'Role of the highest governance body in setting purpose, values, and strategy' and GOV-10 'Identification and management of impacts' with GOV-4 'Responsibilities for sustainable development', see lines 92-109, 336-360, 397-408 and 469-489
- Moved requirements on delegation and internal resources into a separate disclosure to distinguish between responsibilities of the highest governance body for sustainable development and those existing in the rest of the organization, see lines 113-127 and 365-389
- Replaced the term 'sustainable development topics' with 'impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on their human rights' for consistency with the terminology used in the GRI Standards. A shorthand 'impacts on the economy, environment, and people' has been used in the formulations of disclosures, for conciseness and feasibility of translations
- Revised sequence of disclosures to improve flow. Section starts with general disclosures on structure and composition, followed by provisions in relation to governance of sustainability, and ends with provisions on evaluation and performance.

In addition, Disclosure GOV-14 'Annual total compensation ratio' remains under development. The Standards Division has included a summary of research conducted in response to public comment feedback and proposals on how to address the feedback on pages 24-27.



Revised GRI 102: About the

organization

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Commented [SD1]: Type of change: editorial revision.

Revised sequence of disclosures to improve flow. Section starts with general disclosures on structure and composition, followed by provisions in relation to governance of sustainability, and ends with provisions on evaluation and performance.



Section 4. Governance

- The disclosures in this section provide transparency on the governance structure,
- 45 composition, roles, and remuneration. The information reported under these disclosures is
- 46 important to ensure the accountability of governance bodies and senior executives with
- 47 respect to sustainable development and the organization's impacts on the economy,
- 48 environment, and people, including impacts on their human rights.
- 49 The International Corporate Governance Network (ICGN) Global Governance Principles set
- out expectations for organizations in relation to governance.

Disclosure GOV-1 Governance structure and composition

53 Requirements

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- 54 The organization shall:
 - a. describe its governance structure, including committees of the <u>highest</u> governance body;
- b. list the committees of the highest governance body that are responsible for
 decision-making on and overseeing the management of impacts on the economy,
 environment, and people;
- 60 c. describe the composition of the highest governance body and its committees by:
 - i. executive and non-executive members;
 - ii. independence;
 - iii. tenure of members on the governance body;
 - iv. number of other significant positions and commitments held by each member, and the nature of the commitments;
 - v. gender;
 - vi. representation of <u>under-represented social groups</u>;
- vii. competencies relating to sustainable development that are relevant to the organization and the <u>sector</u> in which it operates;
 - viii. stakeholder representation.

Guidance

- 72 Placeholder text: See reference X in the Bibliography section for more information on
 - independence criteria for governance bodies.

Commented [SD2]: Type of change: editorial revision.

The term 'sustainable development topics' has been replaced with 'impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on their human rights' for consistency with the terminology used in the GRI Standards. A shorthand 'impacts on the economy, environment, and people' has been used in the formultations of disclosures, for conciseness and feasibility of translations.

Commented [SD3]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: expansion of diversity criteria either in the requirement or quidance.

Respondents to the public comment suggested to expand diversity criteria to age, disability, marriage and civil partnership, civil registration gender, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation, geographical diversity.

Commented [SD4]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of the term 'independence'.

Commented [SD5]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of the term 'significant position.



Disclosure GOV-2 Nomination and selection of the highest governance body

76 Requirements

- 77 The organization shall:
- a. describe the nomination and selection processes for the <u>highest governance</u>
 body and its committees;
 - describe the criteria used for nominating and selecting highest governance body members, including whether and how the following are taken into consideration:
 - i. views of stakeholders (including shareholders);
- 83 ii. diversity;

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- iii. independence;
- 85 iv. expertise and experience relating to sustainable development.

Disclosure GOV-3 Chair of the highest governancebody

88 Requirements

- 89 The organization shall:
- a. report whether the chair of the <u>highest governance body</u> is also a <u>senior</u>
 executive in the organization;
- b. if the chair is also a senior executive, explain their function within the
 organization's management, the reasons for this arrangement, and how conflicts
 of interest are managed.

Disclosure GOV-4 Responsibilities for sustainable development

97 Requirements

- 98 The organization shall:
 - describe the role of the <u>highest governance body</u> and of <u>senior executives</u> in developing, approving, and updating the organization's purpose, value or mission statements, strategies, policies, and goals related to sustainable development;
- b. describe the role of the <u>highest governance body</u> in overseeing the organization's due diligence processes to identify and manage impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including:

Commented [SD6]: Type of change: editorial revision.

Moved requirements on delegation and internal resources into a separate disclosure to distinguish between responsibilities of the highest governance body and those existing in the rest of the organization. See lines 114-128.

Commented [SD7]: Type of change: revision following public comment feedback.

Deleted exposure draft requirement GOV-3-a 'describe the role and responsibilities of the highest governance body with regard to decision-making for sustainable development topics' based on duplication with the following disclosures:

- Disclosure GOV-10-a requires information on the role of the HGB to oversee processes to identify and manage impacts:
- Disclosure GOV-1-b in the exposure draft requires to report committees responsible for decision-making for sustainable development.

Commented [SD8]: Type of change: revision following public comment feedback.

Consolidated Disclosure GOV-7 'Role of the highest governance body in setting purpose, values, and strategy' under this disclosure in response to public feedback about duplication.

Commented [SD9]: Type of change: editorial revision.

Consolidated sub-clause to report on the role of the highest governance body to report on its role in due diligence processes directly with the formulation of requirement GOV-4-b. See lines 348-351.

Commented [SD10]: Type of change: revision following public comment feedback and editorial revisions.

Consolidated Disclosure GOV-10 'Identification and management of impacts' under this disclosure in response to public comment feedback about duplication.



105 106	 the role of any committees of the highest governance body that have specific responsibilities in relation to these processes;
107 108	ii. how the highest governance body considers the outcomes of these processes;
109 110 111	c. describe the role of the highest governance body in reviewing the effectiveness of the organization's processes as described in GOV-4-b, and specify the frequency of this review.
112	Guidance
113	See references 13, 15, 17, and 18 in the Bibliography section.
114	Disclosure GOV-5 Delegation of responsibility for
115	managing impacts
116	Requirements
117	The organization shall:
118 119	a. describe how the highest governance body delegates responsibility for the management of impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including:
120 121	 i. whether it has appointed any <u>senior executives</u> with responsibility for the management of impacts;
122 123	ii. whether it has delegated responsibility for the management of impacts to other <u>employees;</u>
124 125 126	 describe the process and frequency for senior executives or other employees to report back to the highest governance body on the management of impacts on the economy, environment, and people;
127 128	c. describe the internal resources that the organization has allocated for managing impacts on the economy, environment, and people.
129	Disclosure GOV-6 Role of the highest governance
130	body in sustainability reporting
131	Requirements
132	The organization shall:
133 134 135	a. report the committee of the <u>highest governance body</u> or the <u>senior executive</u> position that reviews and approves the organization's sustainability reporting and ensures that the organization reports on its <u>material topics</u> .

Commented [SD11]: Type of change: editorial revision.

Moved requirements on delegation and internal resources into a separate disclosure to distinguish between responsibilities of the highest governance body and those existing in the rest of the organization.

Revised formulations for clarity.



Disclosure GOV-7 Stakeholder consultation with the highest governance body

138 Requirements

- 139 The organization shall:
- a. describe the processes and frequency for consultation between <u>stakeholders</u> and the <u>highest governance body</u> in relation to the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people;
- b. if responsibility for stakeholder consultation is delegated, report to whom it is
 delegated, and how the feedback received is provided to the highest governance
 body.

146 Disclosure GOV-8 Conflicts of interest

147 Requirements

- 148 The organization shall:
- a. describe the processes for the <u>highest governance body</u> to ensure that <u>conflicts</u>
 of interest are avoided and managed;
- b. report whether conflicts of interest are disclosed to <u>stakeholders</u>, including, ast a
 minimum, the following conflicts of interest:
- i. Cross-board membership;
- ii. Cross-shareholding with <u>suppliers</u> and other stakeholders;
- 155 iii. Existence of controlling shareholder;
- iv. Related parties, their relationships, transactions, and outstanding balances.

157 Guidance

- 158 See reference 13 in the Bibliography section.
- 159 Guidance to GOV-8-b-iii
- 160 The organization should use the definition of controlling shareholder applied in the
- organization's consolidated financial statements or equivalent documents.

Disclosure GOV-9 Communication of critical

163 **Concerns**

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- 164 Requirements
- 165 The organization shall:

Commented [SD12]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: whether disclosure of conflicts of interest themselves is necessary or only of the process how they are disclosed to stakeholders.

Commented [SD13]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of 'related parties'.

Commented [SD14]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: inclusion of this disclosure given duplication with other disclosures in the GRI Standards that cover communication and resolution processes of concerns related to:

- anti-corruption (GRI 205: Anti-corruption 2016);
- tax (GRI 207: Tax 2019);
- due diligence and conduct (RBC-5 Mechanisms for seeking advice and raising concerns and RBC-4 Grievance mechanisms and other remediation processes)
- impacts (MT-1 Identification of material topics and related impacts).



166	a.	describe the processes for communicating critical concerns to the highest
167		governance body;

- report the total number and the nature of critical concerns that were communicated to the highest governance body during the <u>reporting period</u>;
- 170 c. describe the mechanisms used to address and resolve critical concerns.

171 Guidance

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- 172 Critical concerns include concerns about the organization's impacts that are raised by
- 173 stakeholders through grievance mechanisms. They also include concerns about responsible
- business conduct in the operations of the organization and its business relationships, which
- 175 are identified through other mechanisms that the organization has set up for individuals to
- 176 seek advice and raise concerns. See the Guidance sections in RBC-4 and RBC-5 for more
- 177 information.

Disclosure GOV-10 Collective knowledge of the highest governance body

180 Requirements

- 181 The organization shall:
- 182 a. report measures taken to advance the collective knowledge, skills, and
 183 experience of the <u>highest governance body</u> on sustainable development.

Disclosure GOV-11 Evaluation of the performance of the highest governance body

186 Requirements

- 187 The organization shall:
- a. describe the processes for evaluating the performance of the <u>highest governance</u> body in relation to the governance of impacts on the economy, environment, and people;
- b. report whether the evaluation is independent or not, and the frequency of theevaluations;
- c. describe actions taken in response to the evaluation, such as changes to the
 composition of the highest governance body and organizational practices.

Disclosure GOV-12 Remuneration policies

- 196 Requirements
- 197 The organization shall:



			cribe the remuneration policies for members of the <u>highest governance body</u> senior executives, including:
200		i.	fixed pay and variable pay;
201		ii.	sign-on bonuses or recruitment incentive payments;
202		iii.	termination payments;
203		iv.	clawbacks;
204		٧.	retirement benefits;
205 206 207		body	cribe how the remuneration policies for members of the highest governance and senior executives relate to their objectives and performance in relation verseeing impacts on the economy, environment, and people.
208	Gui	idar	nce
209	Guid	danc	e to GOV-12-a
210 211	Fixed pay and variable pay can include performance-based pay, equity-based pay, bonuse and deferred and vested shares.		
212 213 214 215	mer payr	nber o	ion payments are all payments and benefits given to a departing <u>senior executive</u> or of the <u>highest governance body</u> whose appointment is terminated. Termination is extend beyond monetary payments, from transferring property to automatic or ed vesting of incentives.
216 217 218	exec	cutive	ks are a repayment of previously received compensation that a <u>senior</u> or <u>highest governance body</u> member is required to make to their employer in the at certain conditions of employment or goals are not met.
219 220			anization uses performance-based pay, it should describe how remuneration for ecutives is designed to reward long-term performance.
221	If the	e org	anization uses termination payments, it should explain whether:
222 223	•		otice periods for highest governance body members and senior executives are fferent from those for other employees;
224 225	•		rmination payments for highest governance body members and senior executives re different from those for other employees;
226 227	•		hether departing highest governance body members and senior executives receive ayments other than those related to the notice period;
228	•	w	hether any mitigation clauses are included in the termination arrangements.
229 230 231	the c	contri	nization should report the differences between the retirement benefit schemes and ibution rates for the highest governance body members, senior executives, as d to other employees.
232	Dis	scl	osure GOV-13 Process for determining



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remuneration

Requirements

235 The organization shall:

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- a. describe the process for designing its remuneration policies and for determining
 remuneration;
 - report whether independent <u>highest governance body</u> members or an independent remuneration committee oversees the process for determining remuneration:
- c. describe how the views of <u>stakeholders</u> (including shareholders) regarding
 remuneration are sought and taken into consideration;
- 243 d. report the results of votes on remuneration policies and proposals, if applicable;
- e. report whether remuneration consultants are involved in determining
 remuneration and, if so, report any relationships between the remuneration
 consultants and the organization, its highest governance body, or senior
 executives.

Commented [SD15]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of 'relationships with remuneration consultants'.

Commented [SD16]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: methodology for reporting annual total compensation ratio.

Disclosure GOV-14 Annual total compensation ratio

Requirements

The organization shall:

- a. report the ratio of the annual total compensation for the organization's highestpaid individual in each country of significant operations to the median annual total compensation for all <u>employees</u> (excluding the highest-paid individual) in the same country;
 - report the ratio of the percentage increase in annual total compensation for the organization's highest-paid individual in each country of significant operations to the median percentage increase in annual total compensation for all employees (excluding the highest-paid individual) in the same country.

259 Guidance

260 Guidance to GOV-14

Annual total compensation includes salary, bonus, stock awards, option awards, non-equity incentive plan compensation, change in pension value, and nonqualified deferred

compensation earnings provided over the course of a year.

264 When calculating the ratios, the organization should:

- for each country of significant operations:
 - list types of compensation included;
 - specify whether <u>full-time</u> and <u>part-time employees</u> are included;
 - specify whether full-time equivalent pay rates are used for each part-time employee;
- depending on the organization's remuneration policies and availability of data, consider all of the following:



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- (i) base salary, which is the sum of guaranteed, short-term, and non-variable cash compensation;
- (ii) total cash compensation, which is the sum of the base salary and cash allowances, bonuses, commissions, cash profit-sharing, and other forms of variable cash payments;
- (iii) direct compensation, which is the sum of total cash compensation and total fair value of all annual long-term incentives, such as stock option awards, restricted stock shares or units, performance stock shares or units, phantom stock shares, stock appreciation rights, and long-term cash awards.



Annex 1. Revisions with track changes

Section 4. Governance

284	<u>The disclosures in this section provide</u> +transparency on the governance structure,
285	composition, roles, and remuneration. The information reported under these disclosures -is
286	important to ensure the accountability of the relevantgovernance bodies and individuals
287	senior executives with respect to the organization's contribution to sustainable development
288	and the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including impact
289	on their human rights.
290	The International Corporate Governance Network (ICGN) Global Governance Principles set
291	out expectations for organizations in relation to governance.

In the disclosures in this section the term 'sustainable development topics' refers to topics

that reflect the organization's <u>impacts</u> on the economy, environment, and people, including impacts on human rights.

Disclosure GOV-1 Governance structure and composition

Requirements

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- 298 The organization shall:
- 299 a. describe its governance structure, including committees of the <u>highest</u> 300 governance body;
 - report_list_the committees of the highest governance body that are responsible for decision-making on and overseeing the management of sustainable development topicsimpacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on human rights;
 - c. describe the composition of the highest governance body and its committees by:
 - . executive and non-executive members;
 - ii. independence;
 - iii. tenure of members on the governance body;
 - iv. number of each member's other significant positions and commitments held by each member, and the nature of the commitments;
- 311 v. gender;
- 312 vi. membership-representation of under-represented social groups;

Commented [SD17]: Type of change: editorial revision.

The term 'sustainable development topics' has been replaced with 'impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on their human rights' for consistency with the terminology used in the GRI Standards. A shorthand 'impacts on the economy, environment, and people' has been used in the formultations of disclosures, for conciseness and feasibility of translations.

Commented [SD18]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: expansion of diversity criteria either in the requirement or guidance.

Respondents to the public comment suggested to expand diversity criteria to age, disability, marriage and civil partnership, civil registration gender, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation, geographical diversity.

Commented [SD19]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of the term 'independence'.

Commented [SD20]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of the term 'significant position'.



313	to the organization and the <u>sector</u> in which it operates;
315	viii. stakeholder representation.
l	
316	Disclosure GOV-2 Nomination and selection of the
317	highest governance body
318	Requirements
319	The organization shall:
320 321	 a. describe the nomination and selection processes for the <u>highest governance</u> <u>body</u> and its committees;
322 323	 b. describe the criteria used for nominating and selecting highest governance body members, including whether and how the following are taken into consideration:
324	i. <u>views of stakeholders</u> (including shareholders) are involved ;
325	ii. diversity is considered;
326	iii. independence is considered;
327 328	<u>iv.</u> expertise and experience relating to sustainable development -topics are considered .
329 330	Disclosure GOV-53 Chair of the highest governance body
331	Requirements
332	The organization shall:
333 334	 report whether the chair of the <u>highest governance body</u> is also a <u>senior</u> <u>executive</u> in the organization;
335 336 337	 if the chair is also a senior executive, explain their function within the organization's management, the reasons for this arrangement, and how any conflicts of interest are managed.
338 339	Disclosure GOV- <u>43</u> Responsibilities for sustainable development topics and delegation
340	Requirements

Commented [SD21]: Type of change: editorial revision.

Moved requirements on delegation and internal resources into a separate disclosure to distinguish between responsibilities of the highest governance body and those existing in the rest of the organization. See lines 366-390.



The organization shall:

342	a. describe the role of the highest governance body and of senior executives in the	
343	developing ment , approvingal, and updating of the organization's purpose, value	
344	or mission statements, strategies, policies, and goals related to sustainable	
345	development-:	Commented [SD22]: Type of change: revision
346	a. describe the role and responsibilities of the highest governance body with rega	following public comment feedback.
347	to decision-making for sustainable development topics:	Consolidated Disclosure GOV-7 'Role of the highest
		governance body in setting purpose, values, and
348	b. describe the role of the highest governance body in overseeing the organization	strategy' under this disclosure in response to public feedback about duplication.
349 350	due diligence processes to identify and manage impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on human rights, including:	
330	environment, and people , including on numeri rights , including.	Commented [SD23]: Type of change: revision following public comment feedback.
351	the role of the highest governance body in due diligence processes:	Deleted based on duplication with the following
352	ii. the role of any committees of the highest governance body withthat have	diselection.
353	specific responsibilities in relation tofer these processes;	
		Disclosure GOV-10-a requires information on the roof the HGB to oversee processes to identify and
354	iii. how the highest governance body considers and reviews the outcomes	manage impacts;
355	these processes;	Disclosure GOV-1-b in the exposure draft requires to report committees responsible for decision-making for the committees.
		sustainable development
356	c. report whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the role of the highest	Commented [SD24]: Type of change: revision
357	governance body as described in GOV-4b-a:	following public comment feedback and editorial
050		revisions.
358	 d. specify the frequency of reporting to the highest governance body on the organization's processes as described in GOV-4-b; 	Consolidated Disclosure GOV-10 'Identification and
359	organization is processes as described in Gov-4-b ₁	management of impacts' under this disclosure in
360	e. describe the role of the highest governance body in reviewing the effectiveness	
361	the organization's processes as described in GOV-4-b, and specify the frequence	
362	of this review.	Commented [SD25]: Type of change: editorial revision.
363	Guidance	Consolidated under requirement GOV-4-b, see lines 102-108.
364	Background	
		Commented [SD26]: Type of change: editorial revision.
365	See references 13, 15, 17, and 18 in the RBibliographyeferences section.	\
		Deleted as repetitive of Disclosure GOV-7, see lines 399-410.
	Disclosure GOV-5 Delegation of responsibility and	
366		Commented [SD27]: Type of change: editorial revision.
367	internal resources for managing impacts for	Delete di se constitue of Diselecture COV 5 di see line
368	sustainable development	Deleted as repetitive of Disclosure GOV-5-d, see line 388-390.
000	Cuotamante de l'oropinone	Commented [SD28]: Type of change: editorial
369	Requirements	revision.
000		Moved requirements on delegation and internal
370	The organization shall:	Moved requirements on delegation and internal resources into a separate disclosure to distinguish
		between responsibilities of the highest governance b
371	a. describe how the highest governance body delegates report whether the	and those existing in the rest of the organization.
372	organizationit has appointed any senior executives with responsibility for	Revised formulations for clarity.
373	sustainable development topics the management of impacts on the economy,	
374	environment, and people, including on human rights, including:	
275	i whether it has appointed any conjer executives with respect hillity for the	
375 276	i. whether it has appointed any senior executives with responsibility for the	
376	management of impacts;	



377 378	i.i. whether it has delegated responsibility for the management of impacts to other employees:
379 380 381	 b. describe the process and frequency for senior executives or other employees to report back for reporting to the highest governance body on the management of impacts on the economy, environment, and people;
382 383 384	 a. describe how management of sustainable development topics impacts is delegated from the highest governance body to senior executives and other employees;
385 386 387	b.c. describe the internal resources that the organization has allocated for managing sustainable development topics impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on human rights;
388 389 390	describe the process and specify the frequency for reporting to the highest governance body on sustainable development topicsimpacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on human rights.
391 392	Disclosure GOV-56 Role of the highest governance body in sustainability reporting
393	Requirements
394	The organization shall:
395 396 397 398	a. report the committee of the <u>highest governance body</u> or <u>the</u> <u>senior executive</u> position that <u>formally</u> reviews and approves the organization's sustainability reporting and ensures that the organization reports <u>on all identified its material topics</u> .
399	Disclosure GOV-76 Stakeholder consultation on
400	sustainable development topics with the highest
401	governance body
l 402	Requirements
403	The organization shall:
404 405 406 407	a. describe the processes <u>and frequency</u> for consultation between <u>stakeholders</u> and the <u>highest governance body</u> on sustainable development topics<u>with regardin</u> relation to the organization's impacts on the economy, environment, and people including on human rights;
408 409 410	 if responsibility for stakeholder consultation is delegated, report to whom it is delegated, and how the feedback received is provided to the highest governance body.

Commented [SD29]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of 'internal resources'.



Disclosure GOV-68 Conflicts of interest

412 Requirements

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- 413 The organization shall:
- 414 a. describe the processes for the <u>highest governance body</u> to ensure that <u>conflicts</u>
 415 of interest are avoided and managed;
- 416 b. report whether conflicts of interest are disclosed to <u>stakeholders</u>, including, ast a
 417 minimum, the following conflicts of interest:
- i. Cross-board membership;
- ii. Cross-shareholding with suppliers and other stakeholders;
- 420 iii. Existence of controlling shareholder;
 - iv. Related parties, their relationships, transactions, and outstanding balances.

422 Guidance

- 423 Background
- 424 See reference 13 in the RBibliographyeferences section.
- 425 Guidance to GOV-68-b-iii
- 426 The organization should use the definition of controlling shareholder applied in the
- 427 organization's consolidated financial statements or equivalent documents.

Disclosure GOV-912 Communication of critical

429 concerns

- 430 Requirements
- 431 The organization shall:
- 432 a. describe the processes for communicating critical concerns with regard to
 433 sustainable development topics to the highest governance body;
- 434 b. report the total number and the nature of critical concerns that were
 435 communicated to the highest governance body during the reporting period;
- c. describe the mechanisms used to address and resolve critical concerns.

437 Guidance

- 438 Critical concerns include concerns about the organization's impacts that are raised by
- 439 stakeholders through grievance mechanisms. They also include concerns about responsible
- 440 <u>business conduct in the operations of the organization and its business relationships, which</u>
- 441 are identified through other mechanisms that the organization has set up for individuals to
- seek advice and raise concerns. See the Guidance sections in RBC-4 and RBC-5 for more
- 443 information.

Commented [SD30]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: whether disclosure of conflicts of interest themselves is necessary or only of the process how they are disclosed to stakeholders.

Commented [SD31]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of 'related parties'.

Commented [SD32]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: inclusion of this disclosure given duplication with other disclosures in the GRI Standards that cover communication and resolution processes of concerns related to:

- anti-corruption (GRI 205: Anti-corruption 2016);
- tax (GRI 207: Tax 2019);
- due diligence and conduct (RBC-5 Mechanisms for seeking advice and raising concerns and RBC-4 Grievance mechanisms and other remediation processes);
- impacts (MT-1 Identification of material topics and related impacts).



444	Disclosure GOV-7 Role of the highest governance
445	body in setting purpose, values, and strategy
446	Requirements
447	The organization shall:
448 449 450 451	a.—describe the role of the <u>highest governance body</u> and of <u>senior executives</u> in the development, approval, and updating of the organization's purpose, value or <u>mission statements, strategies, policies, and goals related to sustainable development topics.</u>
452 453	Disclosure GOV-108 Collective knowledge of the highest governance body
454	Requirements
455	The organization shall:
456 457	a. report measures taken to <u>develop advance</u> the collective knowledge, skills, and experience of the <u>highest governance body</u> on sustainable development topics .
458 459	Disclosure GOV-911 Evaluation of the performance of the highest governance body
460	Requirements
461	The organization shall:
462 463 464 465	a. describe the processes for evaluating the performance of the highest governance body with respectin relation to the governance of sustainable development topics impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on human rights;
466 467	 report whether the evaluation is independent or not, and the frequency of the evaluations;
468 469 470	 c. describe actions taken in response to the evaluation, <u>such as any including</u>, <u>as a minimum</u>, changes <u>toin membership</u> <u>the composition of the highest governance body</u> and organizational practices.

Commented [SD33]: Type of change: revision following public comment feedback.

Consolidated with GOV-4 'Responsibilities for sustainable development' in response to public comment feedback about duplication.



471	Disclosure GOV-10 Identification and management
472	of impacts
473	Requirements
474	The organization shall:
475 476 477	a. describe the role of the <u>highest governance body</u> in overseeing the organization's processes to identify and manage sustainable development topics and their related impacts, including:
478 479	i. the role of the highest governance body in due diligence processes:
480 481 482 483	ii. the role of any committees of the highest governance body with specific responsibilities for these processes; iii. how the highest governance body considers and reviews the outcomes of these processes;
484 485 486	b. report whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the role of the highest governance body as described in GOV-10-a;
487 488	 specify the frequency of reporting to the highest governance body on the organization's processes as described in GOV-10-a;
489 490 491	d. describe the role of the highest governance body in reviewing the effectiveness of the organization's processes as described in GOV-10-a, and specify the frequency of this review.
492	Guidance
493	Background
494	See references 13, 15, 17, and 18 in the References section.
495	Disclosure GOV-11 Role of the highest governance
496	body in sustainability reporting
497	Requirements
498	The organization shall:
499 500 501 502	a. report the committee of the highest governance body or senior executive position that formally reviews and approves the organization's sustainability reporting and ensures that the organization reports all identified material topics.
503	Guidance
504	Guidance to GOV-11
505 506	The organization is also required to include in its sustainability reporting a statement by the highest governance body or most senior executive position acknowledging their

Commented [SD34]: Type of change: revision following public comment feedback.

Consolidated with GOV-4 'Responsibilities for sustainable development' in response to public comment feedback about duplication.

Commented [SD35]: Type of change: editorial revision (moved disclosure).



507 responsibility that the reported information has been prepared in accordance with the GRI Standards or with reference to the GRI Standards, depending on the case. See Sections 3.1 508 509 and 3.2 of GRI 101: Using the GRI Standards. **Disclosure GOV-12 Communication of critical** 510 Commented [SD36]: Type of change: editorial concerns 511 revision (moved disclosure) Requirements 512 513 The organization shall: 514 a. describe the processes for communicating critical concerns with regard to 515 sustainable development topics to the highest governance body; 516 report the total number and nature of critical concerns that were communicated to 517 the highest governance body during the reporting period; 518 describe the mechanisms used to address and resolve critical concerns. Disclosure GOV-132 Remuneration policies 519 Requirements 520 521 The organization shall: 522 a. describe the remuneration policies for members of the highest governance body 523 members and senior executives, including: 524 fixed pay and variable pay, such as performance-based pay, equity-based 525 pay, bonuses, and deferred and vested shares; Commented [SD37]: Type of change: editorial revision (moved to guidance), see lines 551-552. ii. 526 sign-on bonuses or recruitment incentive payments; iii. termination payments; 527 528 iv. clawbacks; 529 retirement benefits, such as the difference between benefit schemes and 530 contribution rates for the highest governance body members, senior 531 executives, and all other employees; Commented [SD38]: Type of change: editorial revision (moved to guidance), see lines 571-581. 532 describe how performance criteria in the remuneration policies for members of 533 the highest governance body members and senior executives relate to their 534 objectives and performance in relation to for governance and management 535 ofoverseeing impacts on the economy, environment, and people, including on 536 human rights sustainable development topics. Guidance 537 538 **Background** 539 Guidance to GOV-123



If the organization uses performance-related pay, it should describe how remuneration for
 senior executives is designed to reward long-term performance.

If the organization uses termination payments, it should explain whether:

- notice periods for highest governance body members and senior executives are different from those for other employees;
- termination payments for highest governance body members and senior executives are different from those for other employees;
- any payments other than those related to the notice period are paid to departing highest governance body members and senior executives;
- any mitigation clauses are included in the termination arrangements.

Guidance to GOV-12-a

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580 581 Fixed pay and variable pay can include performance-based pay, equity-based pay, bonuses and deferred and vested shares.

If the organization uses performance-related pay, it should describe how remuneration for
 senior executives is designed to reward long-term performance.

Retirement benefits can include the difference between benefit schemes and contribution rates for the highest governance body members, senior executives, and all other employees

Termination payments are all payments and benefits given to a departing senior executive of member of the highest governance body whose appointment is terminated. Termination payments extend beyond monetary payments, from transferring property to automatic or accelerated vesting of incentives.

Clawbacks are a repayment of previously received compensation that required to be made by a senior executive or member of the highest governance body member is required to make to their employer in the event that certain conditions of employment or goals are not met.

If the organization uses performance-related based pay, it should describe how remuneration for senior executives is designed to reward long-term performance.

If the organization uses termination payments, it should explain whether:

- notice periods for highest governance body members and senior executives are different from those for other employees;
- termination payments for highest governance body members and senior executives are different from those for other employees:
- whether departing highest governance body members and senior executives receive payments other than those related to the notice period;
- whether any mitigation clauses are included in the termination arrangements.

Clawbacks are a repayment of previously received compensation required to be made by a senior executive or member of the highest governance body to their employer in the even certain conditions of employment or goals are not met. The organization should report the differences Retirement benefits can include the difference between the retirement benefit schemes and benefit schemes and the contribution rates for the highest governance body members, senior executives, as compared to and all-other employees.



Disclosure GOV-143 Process for determining remuneration

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585 The organization shall:

- a. describe the temperation to designing its remuneration policies and for determining remuneration and for determining, including its remuneration policies;
- report whether independent members of the highest governance body members
 or an independent remuneration committee oversees the process for determining
 remuneration-process;
- c. describe how the views of <u>stakeholders</u> (including shareholders) regarding remuneration are sought and taken into <u>accountconsideration</u>;
- d. report the results of votes on remuneration policies and proposals, if applicable;
- e. report whether remuneration consultants are involved in determining remuneration and, if so, report any relationships between the that the remuneration consultants have with and the organization, its highest governance body, or senior executives.

Commented [SD39]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN: clarification of 'relationships with remuneration consultants'.

Disclosure GOV-154 Annual total compensation ratio

601 Requirements

602 The organization shall:

- a. report the ratio of the annual total compensation for the organization's highestpaid individual in each country of significant operations to the median annual total compensation for all <u>employees</u> (excluding the highest-paid individual) in the same country;
- report the ratio of the percentage increase in annual total compensation for the organization's highest-paid individual in each country of significant operations to the median percentage increase in annual total compensation for all employees (excluding the highest-paid individual) in the same country.

Guidance

612 Guidance to GOV-145

613 Annual total compensation includes salary, bonus, stock awards, option awards, non-equity
614 incentive plan compensation, change in pension value, and nonqualified deferred

615 compensation earnings provided over the course of a year.

When calculating the ratios, the organization should:

• for each country of significant operations:

Commented [SD40]: Revision pending feedback from ICGN and further internal discussion: methodology for reporting annual total compensation ratio.

Please see research on pages 24-27.



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- list types of compensation included;
- specify whether full-time and part-time employees are included;
- specify whether full-time equivalent pay rates are used for each part-time employee;
- depending on the organization's remuneration policies and availability of data, consider all of the following components:
 - (iv) the base salary, which is the sum of guaranteed, short-term, and non-variable cash compensation;
 - (v) total cash compensation, which is the sum of (i) the base salary and, together with cash allowances, bonuses, commissions, cash profit-sharing, and other forms of variable cash payments;
 - (vi) direct compensation, which is the sum of—(ii) total cash compensation and, together with total fair value of all annual long-term incentives, such as stock option awards, restricted stock shares or units, performance stock shares or units, phantom stock shares, stock appreciation rights, and long-term cash awards.



Annex 2. Research on annual total compensation ratio

19 respondents made comments on Disclosure GOV-15 'Annual total compensation ratio'.
 Respondents have raised concerns around feasibility of reporting the information, its meaningfulness
 and relevance to sustainable development, clarity, and made alternative proposals.

Eight respondents commented on feasibility; they argued that reporting this information is:

- Subject to confidentiality or security concerns;
- Not feasible for every country of significant operation, especially for MNEs;
- Not feasible for SMEs;

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• Not feasible due to absence of properly integrated HR systems.

Eight respondents commented on the meaningfulness; they argued that this information:

- Is subject to limitations and does not provide an indication of unfair or inequitable compensation. Consider situations, when:
 - A CEO oversees operations of multiple countries but is based in one country;
 - Companies due to the nature of work in their sector are set up to employ senior manager staff with a number of low skilled staff leading to large salary differentiations (e.g., airport 'outposts' or banks);
- Limits cross-sectoral comparability due to variability in the employer base;
- Disclosure GOV-15-b (ratio of the percentage of increase) is not relevant if ratio of total annual compensation is disclosed.

Two respondents commented on the clarity; they submitted that:

- · The term 'significant operations' is unclear;
- It is unclear whether to report a 'lump sum' amount when reporting compensation.

Seven respondents made <u>alternative proposals</u>; they suggested to require to report:

- Gender pay parity for various levels of management roles;
- Comparison of CEO's compensation to average employee's compensation;
- Comparison of CEO's compensation to the average median income of the country in which the CEO is resident;
- Changes in the ratio compared to the previous year, the rationale for changes, and any observations on how this ratio compares with peer organizations in the same industry;
- Require disclosure of actual salary with USD conversion applied to highlight regional compensation disparages within the same organization;
- Equal pay for equal work.

Standards Division's assessment:

- 1) Feasibility concerns related to confidentiality are now addressed with the decision to permit reasons for omission for GRI 102:
- 2) Please review the research on remuneration practice and its conclusions below.



672 Table 1 presents an overview of requirements to report on remuneration in other instruments.

Table 1. Overview of requirements in other instruments

Source	Requirement	Highest paid individual	Median or mean
US SEC ¹	One ratio, covering all global operations	PEO (Principal Executive Officer)	Median
UK Gov²	One ratio, covering UK operations	Chief Executive Officer	Median
DJSI ³ , ⁴	One ratio, covering all global operations	Chief Executive Officer	Median (preferred) or mean
Workforce Disclosure Initiative ⁵	One ratio for HQ, global and/or individual country level	Chief Executive Officer	Median
CWC Guidelines ⁶	Unclear	Chief Executive Officer	Median

Table 2 presents an overview of current remuneration reporting practice from a sample of eight 674 675 companies with global operations.

676 Table 2. Reporting practice

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Company	# ratios provid ed	Global vs country ratios	Calculation method	Calculation explanation provided	
Coca Cola European Partners ⁷	1	- Europe	Undisclosed	CEO to employee pay ratio	
Nestle ⁸	1 menti	- Global	Average (although they use the term median)	We have provided the ratio of the annual total compensation for the company's highest paid individual and the median annual compensation for all employees globally. Median is an estimate based on 2019 Company total worldwide salaries and welfare expenses of CHF 15 794 million and average number of 291 000 employees. [Omission provided in the content index: We have not provided a country-level breakdown as that is outside the scope of our global report.]	

https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/17/229.402; https://www.sec.gov/corpfin/announcement/guidance-calculation-pay-ratiodisclosure

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/755002/The_Companies_M_iscellaneous_Reporting_Regulations_2018_QA_- Publication_Version_2_1_.pdf

https://portal.csa.spglobal.com/survey/documents/SAM_CSA_2020_Sample_Questionnaire_BNK.pdf

https://portal.csa.spglobal.com/survey/documents/SAM_CSA_Companion.pdf

https://shareaction.org/wo-content/uploads/2019/07/2019-WDI-Survey-Guidance.pdf

https://www.workerscapital.org/IMG/pdf/cwc guidelines-workers human rights and labour standards final may17.pdf https://www.cocacolaep.com/assets/Sustainability/Documents/72426dd859/2018-Corporate-Data-Tables.pdf

 ${}^{8}\underline{\text{https://www.nestle.com/sites/default/files/2020-03/creating-shared-value-nestle-gri-content-index-2019.pdf}\\$



Company	# ratios provid ed	Global vs country ratios	Calculation method	Calculation explanation provided	
Heineken ⁹	1	- Global	Average	These ratios are obtained by dividing the 2019 total remuneration for the CEO and CFO by the 2019 average total remuneration of all other employees worldwide.	
Philips ¹⁰	1	- Global	Average	The ratio between the annual total compensation for the CEO and the average annual total compensation for an employee (for all employees globally). Based on Employee benefit expenses (EUR 6.3 billion) divided by the average number of employees (72,228 FTE) as reported in the Income from operations. This results in an average annual total compensation cost of EUR 87,321 per employee.	
DSM ¹¹	2	- Netherlands - Global	Average	The ratio of total remuneration, including annual base salary, Short-Term Incentive, Long-Term Incentive and other benefits such as pension (as reported in this Integrated Annual Report) versus the average of total global employee (i.e. including Dutch) remuneration is for the CEO 40:1 (2017: 32:1).	
Storaenso ¹²	6	- One for each country - No global ratio	Median	The ratio shows how many times larger the highest individual annual total compensation, including incentives, is compared to median compensation.	
Hudbay ¹³	4	- One for each country - No global ratio	Average	Ratio of annual compensation of highest paid individual to mean total compensation (includes all full-time employees and Peru contract employees).	
Naturgy ¹⁴	12	- One for each country - No global ratio	Average	Relationship between the total annual remuneration of the best paid person of the organization in each country where significant operations are carried out with the average annual total remuneration of the entire staff (without counting the best paid person) of the corresponding country.	
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⁹ https://www.theheinekencompany.com/sites/theheinekencompany/files/Investors/financial-information/results-reports-presentations/heineken-nv-hnv-2019-annual-report.pdf

10 https://www.results.philips.com/publications/ar19/downloads/pdf/en/PhilipsFullAnnualReport2019-English.pdf

11 https://annualreport.dsm.com/ar2018/en US/16-1-13-remuneration-of-managing-board-and-supervisory-board.html

12 https://www.storaenso.com/-/media/Documents/Download-center/Documents/Annual-reports/2018/STORAENSO_Annual Report_2018.ashx#page=70

13 https://s23.q4cdn.com/405985100/files/doc_financials/annual_reports/2019/Hudbay-2019-Annual-and-Sustainability-Report.pdf

14 https://www.naturgy.com/en/files/IRC_ENG_ACC.pdf



Research conclusions:

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- Most instruments reviewed require one ratio, covering all global operations, based on the median salary.
- 2) Very few companies report the ratio.
- 3) Company practice varies, but a majority of the companies in the sample provide a global ratio. Half of the companies in the sample provide additional ratios.
- Most companies use the average rather than the median, whereas all the instruments (and GRI) require the median.

Standards Division's proposal:

- Clarify to report one 'ratio' covering all global operations and remove reference to 'significant operations'.
- 2) Retain the median.
- 3) Clarify in guidance that the identity and remuneration of the highest paid individual does not need to be disclosed.
- 4) Permit the use of a different methodology, if the organization is subject to mandatory reporting of a ratio under national legislation and add a requirement for the organization to explain how the data has been calculated.
- 5) Clarify interaction between the definition of 'annual total compensation' and the recommendation provided to consider base salary, total cash compensation and direct compensation.
- 6) Do not introduce requirements on gender pay parity as such requirements are covered in *GRI 405: Diversity and Equal Opportunity 2016.*

GSSB